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# **Mission**

To lead quality community-led projects in order to empower people with the knowledge, skills and tools to improve their well-being in five sectors: community development, agriculture, education, health and emergencies.

# **Vision**

To see a loving, caring and responsible society where all people live a healthy life with dignity and honour.

# Our **History**

Development Aid from People to People in Zimbabwe (DAPP) is a local private voluntary organization registered in Zimbabwe in June 1980 as a welfare organisation under the Ministry of Labour and Social Welfare. DAPP's registration number is W.O. 22/80.

DAPP Zimbabwe is a member of the Federation of Associations connected to the International Humana People to People Movement, which is also known as Humana People to People.

Guruve

# Where we work



# Message from the Chairman

Dear Friends, Partners, Project Stakeholders, Colleagues and Staff,



2016 was not an easy year for Zimbabweans. El Nino induced drought affected much of the country and many communities where DAPP works suffered from increased food insecurity. Challenges in meeting basic needs affected other important factors in well-being. Through cooperation with stakeholders and communities, DAPP strengthened food security com-



Ib Hansen DAPP Zimbabwe Chairman

ponents in all projects so that families would find reason to maintain other initiatives, such as improving hygiene, treatment support for those living with HIV and tuberculosis, and income generation.

Significant progress was made in all projects despite the harsh conditions that rural Zimbabweans face. A new partnership was established with the Embassy of Japan to Zimbabwe to upgrade Chemhondoro Secondary School in Shamva district. Classroom blocks and teachers houses will be constructed and renovated, and new school furniture will be purchased. The partnership will drastically improve the educational environment for students at the rural school.

I also thank DAPP's 133 employees who are the backbone of the organization. Our committed staff make real changes in the communities together with the people. Their dedication and professionalism is DAPP's greatest strength.

Sincere gratitude also goes to all those who have volunteered in DAPP Zimbabwe's projects. We do not have space in this report to share the full impact of your efforts, but we hope you see yourself reflected in the results we highlight here. I salute all of you for commitment and dedication to the communities you work with.

Enjoy your reading!

# **Child** Aid

Child Aid in Zimbabwe has been in existence since 1993 when Kukwanisa Child Aid was established. In 2016. DAPP operated with three Child Aid projects in Zimbabwe namely Child Aid Bindura/Shamva, Child Aid Rushinga and Child Aid Mutasa/ Nyanga. The three projects reach out directly to 11,000 families.



# Line 1 strengthened the economy of families

In ISALs, farmers contribute agreed amounts of money at agreed intervals. They are allowed to borrow the money at an interest that is agreed by the members to the club. Internal Saving and Lending (ISAL) groups were established and assisted in formulating and maintaining records and audit services (for accountability and transparency) allowing families to improve their income. 190 individuals from the ISAL groups were able to improve household finances by carrying out small-scale income generation projects from loans provided by the groups.

pump mechanics and latrine builders were trained in Mutasa and Nyanga.

builders and pump mechanics in total who had previously been trained by DAPP in Mwenezi earned a living from the services they rendered.





# Lines 2, 5 and 7 improved health and hygiene conditions at household, institutional and community levels

latrines (in addition to 2930 in Mwenezi since 2011), 1490 tippy taps, 1412 rubbish pits and 1.023 dish racks were established and functional in households and public centres monitored by the Child Aid project. Where possible, dual latrines were promoted to meet specific community needs in an inclusive way, particularly in public facilities.

boreholes and 60 rope and washer pumps were rehabilitated in Nyanga and Mutasa, giving a total of 557 boreholes rehabilitated in three districts (Nyanga, Mutasa and Mwenezi) between 2011 and 2016. This has improved access to clean water for families as well as reduced the distances travelled to fetch potable water.

child-headed households were included in the above initiatives in Mwenezi district, in grand part thanks to the communities' efforts. Latrines were built for these families, supporting them to improve health and hygiene at home.



# Lines 3 and 6 supported the education of children of all age groups in formal and informal set-ups

pre-schools were supported to improve their children's learning experiences through provision of teaching materials and improved physical conditions. The project also established tippy taps at preschools in all 6 districts where Child Aid worked so that children have a strong foundation regarding their educational, social and psychological development.

youth were trained in Shamva at Musiiwa by DAPP Area Leaders in basic computer skills whilst 59 others were trained in making liquid soap and toilet sanitizers and 50 trained in the art of sign writing in Shamva district.

people from Mwenezi district were trained in participatory health and hygiene promotion and they supported the maintenance of community health clubs and household health initiatives.



Lines 8 and 9 encouraged families to adopt environmentally friendly means of production

step up farmers were trained in Mutasa and Nyanga in soil and water conservation as well as conservation farming techniques, who were then instrumental in 3,000 farmers adopting conservation farming. In Bindura, Shamva and Rushinga districts, 2,000 farmers adopted the same giving a total of 5,000 families who began employing conservation farming techniques.

people established an environmental waste recycling club in Rushinga. The group specializes in plastic and metal upcycling and recycling to make toys, baskets, mats and some household artefacts from metallic objects, and plastics were used to produce paraffin and floor polish.

Lines 4 and 10 supported in-and-out of school youth to be active in sport and culture activities

sports clubs in Shamva were supported to participate in the Ministry of Sports and Recreation in a Scout for Talent exercise.

# DAPP Farming

Park Estate and Kukwanisa Model Farms are DAPP-owned farms. DAPP operates the farms to promote improved agriculture in collaboration with surrounding communities. They also function as resource centres for nearby villages.

DAPP staff runs demonstration plots to impart skills for both vegetable gardening and agriculture practices with the aim of increasing resilience to changing rainfall patterns and a higher instance of drought. Produce is grown using climate smart agriculture techniques and, once harvested, contributes towards meals for farm workers and local preschools.



t maize and 2.5t sugar beans harvested by Park Estate and Kukwanisa model farms, despite severe drought throughout season.

- 300 kg of each of rapoko, sorghum, roundnuts and groundnuts harvested at Kukwanisa model farm.

ha at Park Estate used to produce maize through the Command Agriculture program.

Farms contributed roofing poles to Glamorgan Clinic and fencing poles to Batanai primary School.

cattle and 26 goats were raised at Park Estate with support from the District Veterinary Department, of which 9 goats were used for consumption by farm employees.

cords of wood sold from eucalyptus plantation, which continues recovery from a fire in 2014.

children from Park Estate and Kukwanisa farms and surrounding communities were provided with Early Childhood Education services. The centres were linked to neighbouring primary schools such as Batanai Primary and Pafiwa Primary Schools in Shamva and Mutasa respectively.





# Farmers' Clubs Zimbaby

Farmers' Clubs Zimbabwe started in 1996 in Bindura as the model of agriculture meant to increase small-scale rural farmer production, incomes, and food and nutrition security. The model has since been replicated in other parts of Zimbabwe and has also spread to several Southern African countries with high success for increasing productivity, incomes, food and nutrition security of small scale farmers.





# Farmers increased their wealth

goats raised in goat rearing clubs thanks to savings from ISALs, raising the group herd to 60 goats.

Garden farming assisted many farmers to alleviate food shortages that had resulted from the drought. Farmers sold garden produce, purchased substantial food items and in some cases were even able to make deposits in Internal Saving and Lending (ISAL) accounts.

# Farmers ensured food security despite the drought that was experienced

Despite the ongoing drought, farmers in the Farmers' Clubs Program managed to save adequate seed to plant small grain (groundnuts, roundnuts, rapoko, sorghum, pearl millet) crops for the season. In addition, surplus from cereal production contributed to improved food security for families. Many of the farmers depended heavily on garden production, providing further sources of food and nutrition.

1,837

farmers cultivated maize using conventional methods on an average land size of 2ha per farmer.

# Farmers improved their use of land

Farmers used organic manure made from composts and/or animal manure for production in large portions of their gardens and fields, contributing to improved soil health. Farmers were also trained on the use of organic herbicides which are less hazardous to the environment.

farmers in Gutu & Makoni districts adopted conservation farming techniques for maize production on small plots.

conservation farming demonstration plots were established with support from Zimbabwe's seed houses, K2, Seed Co, ARDA which provided both pollinated and hybrid maize varieties. The plots were further divided into portions of cowpeas, rapoko, groundnuts and soya beans.

eucalyptus tree plots established. A total of 8,000 trees were planted as a way to provide alternative sources of wood for club members.



1.8



# Farmers improved the well-being and health of their families

Proceeds from ISALs improved farmers' capacity to pay for essential services such as health and education among others.

1,604

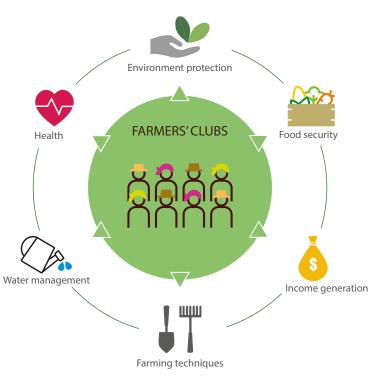
tippy taps and 1,820 refuse pits in 1604 households participating in Farmers Clubs.

Farmers increased access and use of water for irrigation

The farmers were organized in the community

farmers bought Kick Start hip pumps and 5 Farmers' Clubs purchased maxi pumps to irrigate individual and group gardens.

Farmers purchased important products for their livestock, including nutrient supplements, dipping chemicals, vaccines and treatment medicine in their core groups and through other community groups.



# Frontline Institute

Frontline Institute was established in 1993 with the aim to educate students from SADC countries in a unique international setting. However, the Institute has broadened its wings to attract and train students from Asia, the Americas and other parts of Africa. The Institute, since its formation, has trained more than 4,240 Key Staff in Project Management Courses who have become Global Activists for development and the fight against poverty, illiteracy and diseases.



Ponesai Vanhu Junior School

Ponesai Vanhu Junior School was started in 1994 and contributes towards rehabilitating children who have been brought up in difficult situations after desertion by family members and relatives, or when they run away from their homes. Since its opening, the project has been enrolling homeless, orphaned and other vulnerable children from across the country through collaboration with the Department of Child Welfare and Protection Services.

The school supports the rehabilitation of children and aims to empower them for a healthy and productive life. In 2016 a total of 57 children (27 girls and 30 boys) were enrolled at the school, including one disabled student, offering them a decent home, nutrition and education. The children range in ages from preschool to upper six, and all students participate in group decision making processes regarding the school community and maintenance.

# **Key Achievements**

- 8 children on ART were enrolled in a support group at Madziwa Hospital.
- With support from Higher life Foundation, 5 children with suspected nutrition problems accessed medical examinations, medication and support, and two were recommended for a special diet.
- To supplement food supplies, PVJS engaged in poultry, rabbit and piggery projects and produced crops in the school garden and field. This

helped to reduce the food budget, making sure that the children have a balanced diet.

- 5 children who were 17 years old were prepared for re-integration back into society as they were about to leave the home. Their families were contacted and children spent all the 2016 school holidays with their relatives.
- 20 children were placed in the community during the August holiday so that they have real home experience.

Ponesai Vanhu Technical College

Ponesai Vanhu Technical College is DAPP Zimbabwe's oldest project. Established in 1981, Ponesai Vanhu Technical College is providing self-reliance courses for young people from Mashonaland Central and beyond. The College has so far seen more than 5,000 students graduate in different trades equipped as entrepreneurs and skilled personnel.



# **Business Studies**

One of the students, Kudzai Kachere won the IBAS National Student of the year Award in Principles of Marketing Diploma.

Students offered certificate and diploma courses, examined by Institute of Business and Accounting Studies (IBAS) and Higher Education Examination Council (HEXCO).

**15** 

students enrolled in 4 classes.

# **Automotive Engineering**

National Foundation Certificate offered and examined by HEXCO.

35 students enrolled.

Students serviced the college's grinding mill and cars for local residents as part of course's practical component.

# **Brick and Block laying**

Students completed construction of Blair latrines, classroom blocks, a dormitory at a boarding school and residential houses in practical component of training. Certificate of Participation (PVTC) and National Foundation Certificate (HEXCO) offered.

students enrolled, 20 of which were trained in their communities of Nyava and Manhenga through PVTC Outreach Program.

students completed apprenticeships with Perlstone Construction and Investment Company.

# **Contribution to Student Growth**

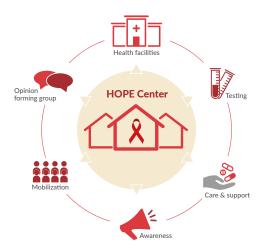
Students were organised in core groups of 10 with one teacher each, through which teacher where they acquired various important life skills through managing college income generation projects. These included the grinding mill, piggery, the garden and field. Students invested a lot of effort in making cost-benefit analysis for each investment.

Students were engaged in sport for both entertainment and fitness. The soccer team participated in the National Sports Gala with the theme Harnessing Youth Talent through Sports in Mashonaland West.



# HOPE

Hope Zimbabwe project was established in 1998 as a direct response to the HIV and AIDS pandemic that was facing the country. Hope Zimbabwe has been DAPP Zimbabwe's flagship project since its inception in the communal fight against the pandemic. The project has been central in the reduction of the HIV infection rate and other sexually transmitted infections in the community and is helping communities clear the myths and misconceptions about HIV and AIDS.





people mobilized and tested for HIV through group and door-to-door campaigns by Hope outreach Officers and Activists.

ISALs established with varying focuses, agreed upon by the clubs themselves such as saving for the construction of household latrines, securing groceries for basic food items and agriculture inputs.

young people offered information on Adolescent Sexual and Reproductive Health (ASRH) at 3 youth-friendly corners maintained at 3 clinics, assisting them to make informed choices when seeking services.

children with HIV joined 7 support groups at Mupandira, Nyava and Manhenga Clinics. Within the support groups, children and their families were supported in treatment adherence and healthy living activities.

young people affected by HIV/AIDS were trained in brick and block laying through mobile vocational training from Ponesai Vanhu Technical College with support from OAK Foundation.

young people were trained as AS-RHR peer educators and 20 others as JIC facilitators.



youth from Musana and Nyava rural areas were sensitized on sexual and reproductive health rights in collaboration with local clinics where they accessed youth-friendly services like family planning, STI treatment, and HIV treatment, among others.

In Harare, a one day campaign was conducted in Mabvuku discouraging alcohol and drug abuse among young people and challenging communities to fight against child marriage.

people reached through "I am Precious" campaign in Bindura in the fight against child marriage. This entailed debates by junior parliamentarians from Mashonaland Central Province, a solidarity march against child marriage and several opinion forming meetings with community leaders.

**1,600** orp dred but

orphans and vulnerable children received clothing distribution from Hope Bindura and Harare.



# TC-TB

In October 2015, DAPP rolled out TC-TB in Chimanimani and Mutasa Districts with the aim of reducing the rate of new infections and providing appropriate packages of treatment, care and support to people infected with HIV/TB and their families. To date, the project has screened 135,841 people for TB and an additional 10,581 people have been referred to HIV testing. The project is greatly reducing the burden of HIV and TB by addressing stigma and discrimination through raising awareness and improving diagnosis and treatment services.

What makes me happiest is that people from the apostolic sect are now calling me to come to their homes even though at first they were resistant.

Memory Pawunganwa, a volunteer in Mawoko village of Mutasa District had this to say about her contribution to the TC-TB initiative.





volunteers trained in sensitization, mobilization for testing, treatment and support systems for potential TB & HIV patients.

10,581

people referred for HIV testing from Mutasa and Chimanimani districts.

ward sensitization meetings carried out and supported by local stakeholders from the Ministry of Health, NAC and ZNNP+, chiefs and headmen.

treatment for HIV a mote adhe

treatment buddies were established for HIV and/or TB patients, to promote adherence to treatment.

local leaders from 10 wards were trained in HIV and TB prevention actions and their expected roles in the project as a way to assure project success.

TB patients, including 15 with Drug Resistant TB were assisted with supplementary food packages to support adherence to medication and successful treatment.

135,841

people screened for TB, of which 5,851 were referred for testing.

108

youth groups were formed in support of the campaigns towards improved access to TB screening and treatment.

cases of TB identified directly by the project, allowing those diagnosed to initiate treatment.

Chimanimani District Hospital supported through recruitment of one laboratory technician, one microscopist and a GeneXpert machine and air conditioner to increase diagnostic capacity for health services across the district.

# **Dapp Zimbabwe Partners in Development**

# Child Aid/Community Development

### **Humana People to People Partners**

Ulandshjælp fra Folk til Folk, Denmark Humana People to People Baltic, Lithuania Humana People to People Eastern Holding U-landshjelp fra Folk til Folk, Norge Planet Aid, Inc. USA

### **External Partners**

USAID Zimbabwe Practical Action

### Others

SALIT Consultants
Ministry of Small to Medium Enterprises Development.
Ministry of Health and Child Care
Ministry of Primary and Secondary Education
Ministry of Women Affairs and Gender Development
Ministry of Youth Indigenisation and Development

### Health

### **Humana People to People Partners**

Ulandshjælp fra Folk til Folk, Denmark Humana People to People Baltic, Lithuania Humana People to People Eastern Holding U-landshjelp fra Folk til Folk, Norge HUMANA People to People Sverige

### **External Partners**

TB Alert Oak Foundation Canada Fund for Local Initiatives Hospaz

### Others

JIMAT Consultants
Ministry of Health and Child Care
Ministry of Labour and Social Welfare
Ministry of Agriculture, Mechanization and Irrigation

## Agriculture

### **Humana People to People Partners**

Ulandshjælp fra Folk til Folk, Denmark Humana People to People Baltic, Lithuania Humana People to People Italia, O.N.L.U.S Humana People to People Deutschland Planet Aid, Inc. USA

### **External Partners**

ARDA

Government of Zimbabwe Command Agriculture

### **Others**

Ministry of Agriculture Mechanisation and Irrigation The Ministry of Environment, Water and Climate

### Education

### **Humana People to People Partners**

Humana People to People Baltic, Lithuania Humana People to People Eastern Holding Humana People to People Sverige Planet Aid, Inc. USA Fundación Pueblo para Pueblo, Spain

### **External Partners**

Capernaum Trust
Higher Life Foundation
Canada Fund for Local Initiatives
The Embassy of Japan in Zimbabwe
Dairiboard Zimbabwe Limited
Bakers Inn

### **Others**

First Lady of Zimbabwe, Dr Amai Grace Mugabe Power Sales Lobels Bread Latter-day Saints Ministry of Primary and Secondary Education Ministry of Labour and Social Welfare Ministry of Higher and Tertiary Education Ministry of Home Affairs



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